Form **6251**

Alternative Minimum Tax—Individuals

► See separate instructions.

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OMB No. 1545-0227

Attachment Sequence No. 32 Your social security number

Department of the Treasury Internal Revenue Service (99)

Name(s) shown on Form 1040

► Attach to Form 1040 or Form 1040NR.

Par	Alternative Minimum Taxable Income (See instructions for how to complete	te ea	ach line.)	
1	If filing Schedule A (Form 1040), enter the amount from Form 1040, line 39, and go to line 2. Otherwise,			
	enter the amount from Form 1040, line 36, and go to line 7. (If zero or less, enter as a negative amount.)	1		
2	Medical and dental. Enter the smaller of Schedule A (Form 1040), line 4, or 21/2% of Form 1040, line 36 .	2		
3	Taxes from Schedule A (Form 1040), line 9	3		
4	Certain interest on a home mortgage not used to buy, build, or improve your home	4		
5	Miscellaneous deductions from Schedule A (Form 1040), line 26	5		
6	If Form 1040, line 36, is over \$137,300 (over \$68,650 if married filing separately), enter the amount from		,	
	line 9 of the worksheet for Schedule A (Form 1040), line 28	6	()
7	Tax refund from Form 1040, line 10 or line 21	7	()
8	Investment interest expense (difference between regular tax and AMT)	8		
9	Depletion (difference between regular tax and AMT)	9		
10	Net operating loss deduction from Form 1040, line 21. Enter as a positive amount	10		
11	Interest from specified private activity bonds exempt from the regular tax	11		
12	Qualified small business stock (42% of gain excluded under section 1202)	12		
13	Exercise of incentive stock options (excess of AMT income over regular tax income)	13		
14	Estates and trusts (amount from Schedule K-1 (Form 1041), line 9)	14 15		
15	Electing large partnerships (amount from Schedule K-1 (Form 1065-B), box 6)	16		
16 17	Disposition of property (difference between AMT and regular tax gain or loss)	17		
17 10	Depreciation on assets placed in service after 1986 (difference between regular tax and AMT)	18		
18 10	Passive activities (difference between AMT and regular tax income or loss)	19		
19 20	Loss limitations (difference between AMT and regular tax income or loss)	20		
20 21	Long-term contracts (difference between AMT and regular tax income)	21		
22	Mining costs (difference between regular tax and AMT)	22		
23	Research and experimental costs (difference between regular tax and AMT)	23		
24	Income from certain installment sales before January 1, 1987	24	()
25	Intangible drilling costs preference	25		
26	Other adjustments, including income-based related adjustments	26		
27	Alternative tax net operating loss deduction	27	()
28	Alternative minimum taxable income. Combine lines 1 through 27. (If married filing separately and line			
	28 is more than \$173,000, see page 7 of the instructions.)	28		
Par	t II Alternative Minimum Tax	V/////		I
29	Exemption. (If this form is for a child under age 14, see page 7 of the instructions.)			
	AND line 28 is THEN enter on			
	IF your filing status is not over line 29			
	Single or head of household	29		
	Married filing separately			
	If line 28 is over the amount shown above for your filing status, see page 7 of the instructions.			
30	Subtract line 29 from line 28. If zero or less, enter -0- here and on lines 33 and 35 and stop here	30		
31	• If you reported capital gain distributions directly on Form 1040, line 13, or you had a gain			
	on both lines 16 and 17 of Schedule D (Form 1040) (as refigured for the AMT, if necessary),			
	complete Part III on the back and enter the amount from line 57 here.	31		
	• All others: If line 30 is \$175,000 or less (\$87,500 or less if married filing separately), multiply			
	line 30 by 26% (.26). Otherwise, multiply line 30 by 28% (.28) and subtract \$3,500 (\$1,750			
	if married filing separately) from the result.			
32	Alternative minimum tax foreign tax credit (see page 7 of the instructions)	32		
33	Tentative minimum tax. Subtract line 32 from line 31	33		
34	Tax from Form 1040, line 42 (minus any tax from Form 4972 and any foreign tax credit from Form 1040,	34		
35	line 45)	34		
JJ	1040, line 43	35		

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Part III Tax Computation Using Maximum Capital Gains Rates

	Caution: If you did not complete Part IV of Schedule D (Form 1040), see page 8 of the instructions before you complete this part.		
36	Enter the amount from Form 6251, line 30	36	
37	Enter the amount from Schedule D (Form 1040), line 23, or line 9 of the Schedule D Tax Worksheet on page D-9 of the instructions for Schedule D (Form 1040), whichever applies (as refigured for the AMT, if necessary) (see page 8 of the instructions)		
38	Enter the amount from Schedule D (Form 1040), line 19 (as refigured for the AMT, if necessary) (see page 8 of the instructions)		
39	If you did not complete a Schedule D Tax Worksheet for the regular tax or the AMT, enter the amount from line 37. Otherwise, add lines 37 and 38, and enter the smaller of that result or the amount from line 4 of the Schedule D Tax Worksheet (as refigured for the AMT, if necessary)		
40	Enter the smaller of line 36 or line 39	40	
41	Subtract line 40 from line 36	41	
42	If line 41 is \$175,000 or less (\$87,500 or less if married filing separately), multiply line 41 by 26% (.26). Otherwise, multiply line 41 by 28% (.28) and subtract \$3,500 (\$1,750 if married filing separately) from the result	42	
43	Enter the amount from Schedule D (Form 1040), line 28, or line 16 of the Schedule D Tax Worksheet on page D-9 of the instructions for Schedule D (Form 1040), whichever applies (as figured for the regular tax) (see page 8 of the instructions)		
44	Enter the smaller of line 36 or line 37		
45	Enter the smaller of line 43 or line 44. If zero, go to line 51		
46	Enter your qualified 5-year gain, if any, from Schedule D (Form 1040), line 29 (as refigured for the AMT, if necessary) (see page 8 of the instructions)		
47	Enter the smaller of line 45 or line 46		
48	Multiply line 47 by 8% (.08)	48	
49	Subtract line 47 from line 45		
50	Multiply line 49 by 10% (.10)	50	
51	Subtract line 45 from line 44		
52	Multiply line 51 by 20% (.20)	52	
53	Subtract line 44 from line 40		
54	Multiply line 53 by 25% (.25)	54	
55	Add lines 42, 48, 50, 52, and 54	55	
56	If line 36 is \$175,000 or less (\$87,500 or less if married filing separately), multiply line 36 by 26% (.26). Otherwise, multiply line 36 by 28% (.28) and subtract $\$3,500$ ($\$1,750$ if married filing separately) from the result	56	
57	Enter the smaller of line 55 or line 56 here and on line 31	57	